



THREE ELEPHANT® V-BOR®

Sodium Tetraborate Pentahydrate

Safety Data Sheet

1. Product and Company Identification

Product Name: THREE ELEPHANT® V-BOR®

Other Product Name(s): V-BOR®, Borax Pentahydrate; Sodium Biborate Pentahydrate; Sodium Tetraborate Pentahydrate; Disodium Tetraborate Pentahydrate; 5 Mol Borax; Pentahydrate Borax

Product Use: Manufacturing of products, including, but not limited to, glue, charcoal, reagent chemicals, ceramics, borosilicate glass, fiberglass, alloys. Not for use in the manufacture of pesticides.

Manufacturer: SEARLES VALLEY MINERALS INC.
13200 MAIN STREET; P.O. BOX 367
TRONA, CALIFORNIA 93592-0367
Information (760) 372-2291

Emergency Telephone Numbers: 1-800-424-9300 (USA/Canada CHEMTREC)
+1 (703) 527-3887 (International & Maritime CHEMTREC)

2. Hazards Identification

Emergency Overview: A white crystalline solid that may cause mild irritation to the skin and respiratory tract, and serious eye irritation. Not flammable.

OSHA Regulatory Status: Hazardous

WHMIS Regulatory Status: Hazardous

OSHA Classification: Eye corrosion/irritation 2A
Reproductive Toxicity 2

OSHA Signal Word: WARNING

OSHA Hazard Statements: Causes serious eye irritation.
May damage fertility or the unborn child.

OSHA Precautionary Statements: Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
Wear protective gloves and safety eyewear. Wash thoroughly after handling.
If on skin, wash with plenty of water. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.
If skin irritation occurs or eye irritation persists, get medical attention.
Store in a well ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Dispose of container in accordance with Federal and local regulations.

OSHA Label Symbols:



Other Hazards Not Specified by OSHA: Oral Acute Toxicity Category 5

** Note: Label designed to meet OSHA & FHSA label requirements and may contain additional phrases.

Potential Health Effects

Skin: Can cause mild skin irritation.

Eyes: Causes serious eye irritation.

Ingestion: Low toxicity. May cause discomfort.

Inhalation: May cause mild irritation if inhaled.

Chronic Effects: May cause reproductive effects affecting fertility and/or development of the unborn child.

Ingredients found on established carcinogen lists:

| Ingredient | NTP Status | IARC Statue | OSHA List |
|--|------------|-------------|-----------|
| No ingredients listed in this section. | --- | --- | --- |

3. Composition / Information on Ingredients

| Chemical Name | CAS # | EINECS # | Wt. % |
|----------------------------------|------------|-----------|-------|
| Sodium tetraborate pentahydrate* | 12179-04-3 | 215-540-4 | 99.94 |

*May contain trace amounts of naturally-occurring substances including arsenic and other metals. See section 15 for California Proposition 65 Warning.

4. First Aid Measures

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| Skin: | Wash with plenty of water. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Seek medical attention if skin irritation occurs. |
| Eyes: | Rinse eyes cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Seek medical attention if irritation persists. |
| Ingestion: | If you feel unwell, contact a doctor or poison control center. |
| Inhalation: | Remove to fresh air. Seek medical advice in case of irritation. |
| Advice to Physician: | Treat symptomatically. |

5. Fire Fighting Measures

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| Extinguishing Media: | Any media suitable for surrounding fire. |
| Fire/Explosion Hazards: | None indicated. |
| Fire Fighting Procedures: | Wear normal firefighting gear suitable for surrounding fire. Self-contained respiratory protection may be required. |
| Flammable Limits: | None. |
| Flash Point: | Not flammable. |
| Autoignition Temperature: | None. |
| Hazardous Combustion Products: | May produce boron compounds if involved in a surrounding fire. |

6. Accidental Release Measures

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| Personal Precautions: | Wear proper personal protective equipment indicated in Section 8. |
| Containment: | Not normally required as this is a solid material not normally mobile. |
| Clean Up: | Sweep up and place into container for reuse and/or disposal. |
| Notification Requirements: | None normally required. |

7. Handling and Storage

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| Handling: | Wear proper personal protective equipment indicated in Section 8. Wash hands before eating or drinking. |
| Storage: | Should be stored in a dry location. Keep packages tightly closed to minimize dust formation. Keep out of the reach of children. |

8. Exposure Controls / Personal Protection

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| Engineering Controls: | Use local exhaust to keep airborne level below safe exposure guidelines listed below. |
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Personal Protective Equipment

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| Eyes and Face: | Wear safety glasses or chemical dust goggles to avoid accidental eye contact. |
| Respiratory: | Not required for properly ventilated areas. Otherwise use a NIOSH approved dust respirator. |
| Hands, Arms, and Body: | Not normally required. Use work glove when handling product transfers or if skin is already irritated. Use rubber or neoprene gloves for handling product solutions. |
| Other: | Safety shower and an eyewash should be available for emergency exposures. |

| Exposure Guidelines | | | | | |
|--|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|--|-----------|---------------------|
| Ingredient | ACGIH TLV | ACGIH STEL | OSHA PEL | OSHA STEL | California PEL |
| Sodium tetraborate pentahydrate (as inorganic borate) Na ₂ B ₄ O ₇ · 5H ₂ O | 2 mg/m ³ inhalable dust | 6 mg/m ³ inhalable dust | 15 mg/m ³ total dust 5 mg/m ³ respirable dust | None | 5 mg/m ³ |

9. Physical and Chemical Properties

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| Appearance & Physical State: | White, crystalline solid |
| Odor: | None |
| Odor Threshold: | None |
| pH (1% solution): | 9.24 (1% solution at 68 °F) |
| Specific Gravity: | 1.82 |
| Bulk Density: | Not available |
| Initial Boiling Point & Range: | Not applicable |
| Melting Point / Freezing Point: | Begins losing water of hydration at 262 °F (128 °C). Converts to anhydrous form at 1367 °F (742 °C). |
| Evaporation Rate: | Not applicable |
| Percent Volatile: | None |
| Solubility in Water: | 3.7% at 68 °F (20 °C); 50.1% @ 212 °F (100 °C). |
| Vapor Density: | Not applicable |
| Vapor Pressure: | Not applicable |
| Upper/ Lower Flammable Limits: | None |
| Flash Point: | None |
| Auto ignition Temperature: | Not flammable |
| Flammability (solid, gas): | Not flammable |
| Octanol/water partition coefficient: | Not determined |
| Decomposition temperature: | See section 10. |
| Viscosity: | Solid – Not applicable |

10. Stability and Reactivity

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| Stability: | Normally stable. When heated, the material loses water and is converted to anhydrous borax (Na ₂ B ₄ O ₇). |
| Conditions to Avoid: | Keep away from high temperatures and strong reducing agents. |
| Materials to Avoid: | Reacts with strong reducing agents such as metal hydrides or alkali metals producing explosive hydrogen gas. |
| Polymerization: | Does not occur. |
| Hazardous Decomposition Products: | None known. |

11. Toxicological Information

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| Eye: | Can cause irritation. Boric Acid, when applied to the eyes of albino rabbits (Draize test), produced effects of mild erythema, and mild to moderate discharge in 5 of 6 rabbits. All signs subsided by the fourth day after application. |
| Skin: | LD ₅₀ (dermal, rabbit) > 2000 mg/kg. Can cause mild irritation. Boric Acid was applied to the skin of albino rabbits; slight to no irritation persisted 72 hours after application. No evidence of tissue damage was found. |
| Oral: | LD ₅₀ for Sprague-Dawley rats is 3,200 to 3,400 mg/kg of body weight. |
| Inhalation: | Human epidemiological studies show no increase in pulmonary disease in occupational populations with chronic exposure to Boric Acid and Sodium Borate dust. |
| Chronic: | A report issued by the National Toxicology Program showed "no evidence of carcinogenicity" from a full two-year bioassay on Boric Acid on mice at feed doses of 2,500 to 5,000 ppm in the |

diet. No mutagenic activity was observed for Boric Acid in a recent battery of four short-term mutagenicity assays.

- Classification = Reproductive toxin Category 1B based on EU CLP classification. Dietary levels of Boric Acid of 6,700 ppm in chronic feeding studies in rats and dogs produced testicular changes {Weir, Fisher, 1972}. In chronic feeding studies of mice on diets containing 5,000 ppm Boric Acid, testicular atrophy was present, while mice fed 2,500 ppm Sodium Tetraborate Pentahydrate showed no significant increase in testicular atrophy. In another chronic Boric Acid study, degeneration of seminiferous tubules was present together with a reduction of germ cells in mice fed 4,500 ppm Sodium Tetraborate Pentahydrate.

- Boric Acid at dietary levels of 1,000 ppm administered to pregnant female rats throughout gestation caused a slight reduction in fetal weight, but was considered close to the no observable effect level. Doses of 2,000 ppm and above caused fetal malformations and maternal toxicity. In mice, the no effect level for fetal weight reduction and maternal toxicity was 1,000 ppm Boric Acid. Fetal weight loss was noted at dietary levels of 2,000 ppm and above. Malformations (agenesis or shortening of the thirteenth rib) were seen at 4,000 ppm [Heindal et al., 1992]. The doses administered were many times in excess of those to which humans would normally be exposed.

12. Ecological Information

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| Acute ecotoxicity: | Boron naturally occurs in seawater at an average concentration of 5 mg B/liter. In laboratory studies the acute toxicity (96-hr LC ₅₀ +) for under-yearling Coho salmon (<i>Onchorhynchus kisutch</i>) in seawater was determined as 40 mg B/L (added as Sodium Metaborate). The Minimum Lethal Dose for minnows exposed to Boric Acid at 200 °C for 6 hours is 18,000 to 19,000 mg/L in distilled water, 19,000 to 19,500 in hard water. Rainbow trout (<i>S. gairdneri</i>) 24-day LC ₅₀ = 150.0 mg/B/L 36-day NOEC-LOEC++ = 0.75-1 mg/B/L Goldfish (<i>Carassius auratus</i>) 7-day NOEC-LOEC = 26.50 mg/B/L 3-day LC ₅₀ = 178 mg/B/L Daphnids 48-hour LC ₅₀ = 133 mg/B/L 21-day NOEC-LOEC = 6-13 mg/B/L |
| Chronic ecotoxicity: | Not determined. |
| Other Information: | Not considered to bioaccumulate or to be persistent in the environment. |

13. Disposal Considerations

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| RCRA Status: | Not a hazardous waste if discarded. |
| Disposal Method: | Chemical waste generators must determine whether a discarded chemical is classified as a hazardous waste. Chemical waste generators must also consult all federal, state, and local hazardous waste regulations to ensure complete and accurate classification and disposal. |

14. Transportation Considerations

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| DOT Proper Shipping Name: | Not regulated for transport |
| DOT Primary Hazard Class: | Not applicable |
| DOT UN / NA Number: | Not applicable |
| DOT Packing Group: | Not applicable |
| TDG (Canada): | Not regulated |
| IMDG (International water): | Not regulated |
| ICAO (Air transport): | Not regulated |

15. Regulatory Information

UNITED STATES:

Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA)

TSCA Inventory Status: Listed on TSCA Chemical Inventory [CAS# 1330-43-4]

Other TSCA Issues: None

SARA Title III/CERCLA

Ingredients with "Reportable Quantities" (RQs) and/or "Threshold Planning Quantities" (TPQs).

| Ingredient | SARA/CERCLA RQ (lb) | SARA EHS TPQ (lb) |
|--|---------------------|-------------------|
| No ingredients listed in this section. | --- | --- |

Spills or releases resulting in the loss of any ingredient at or above its RQ require immediate notification to the National Response Center [(800) 424-8802] and to your Local Emergency Planning Committee.

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| SARA 311 Hazard Class: | Immediate, Delayed |
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SARA 313 Toxic Chemicals:

The following ingredients are SARA 313 "Toxic Chemicals" and may be subject to annual reporting requirements. CAS numbers and weight percent are found in Section 2.

| Ingredient | Comment |
|--|---------|
| No ingredients listed in this section. | --- |

State Right-To-Know

California Proposition 65

⚠️ WARNING: This product can expose you to chemicals including arsenic, which is known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

Additional Regulatory Information:

Not listed in Clean Water Act or in Safe Drinking Water Act.

CONEG Model Legislation:

Meets all CONEG requirements relating to heavy metal limitations on components of packaging materials.

FEDERAL DRUG AGENCY (FDA):

Pursuant to 21 CFR 175.105, 176.180, and 181.30, Borax is approved by the FDA for use in adhesive components of packaging materials, as a component of paper coatings on such materials, or for use in the manufacture thereof, which materials are expected to come in contact with dry food products.

CANADA

WHMIS Classification:

D2A, D2B Classified in conformance with the Controlled Products Regulations and contains all data required by that regulation.

WHMIS Ingredient

Disclosure List:

Sodium tetraborate (anhydrous) is listed.

DSL Status (Domestic Substances List):

Listed on DSL.

Ingredients for this product also found on the chemical inventories of Australia, China, Korea, European Union, Japan and the Philippines.

16. Other Information

- This material is not intended for use in pesticide manufacture.
- Keep out of the reach of children.

Issue Date: March 1, 2024

Previous Issue Date: January 1, 2024

Changes from previous version: None

National Fire Protection Assoc. (NFPA) Classification:

4 = Severe; 3 = Serious; 2 = Moderate; 1 = Slight, 0 = Minimal

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|--------------|---|
| Health | 1 |
| Flammability | 0 |
| Reactivity | 0 |

Hazardous Materials Information Systems (HMIS):

4 = Extreme; 3 = High; 2 = Moderate; 1 = Slight; 0 = Insignificant

| | |
|-----------------|---|
| Health | 1 |
| Flammability | 0 |
| Physical Hazard | 0 |

The information appearing herein is based upon data obtained from the generator and/or recognized technical sources. While the information is believed to be accurate, Searles Valley Minerals Inc. (SVM) makes no representations as to its accuracy or sufficiency. Conditions of use are beyond SVM's control and therefore users are responsible to verify this data under their own operating conditions to determine whether the material is suitable for their particular purposes and they assume all risk of their use, or reliance upon, information contained herein. This information relates only to the material designated herein and does not relate to its use in combination with any other material or in any other process.